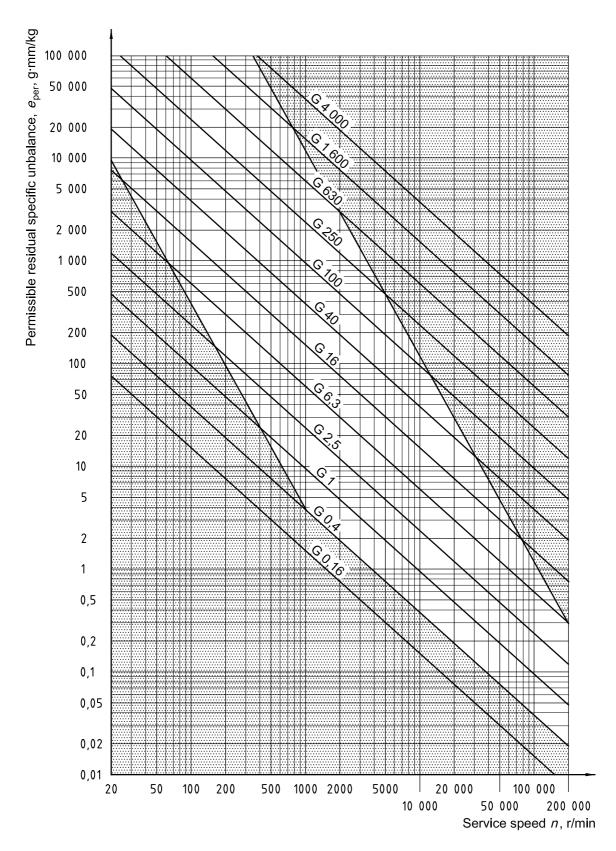
Table 1 — Guidance for balance quality grades for rotors in a constant (rigid) state

Machinery types: General examples	Balance quality grade G	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Magnitude} \\ e_{per} \cdot \varOmega \\ mm/s \end{array}$
Crankshaft drives for large slow marine diesel engines (piston speed below 9 m/s), inherently unbalanced	G 4000	4 000
Crankshaft drives for large slow marine diesel engines (piston speed below 9 m/s), inherently balanced	G 1600	1 600
Crankshaft drives, inherently unbalanced, elastically mounted	G 630	630
Crankshaft drives, inherently unbalanced, rigidly mounted	G 250	250
Complete reciprocating engines for cars, trucks and locomotives	G 100	100
Cars: wheels, wheel rims, wheel sets, drive shafts Crankshaft drives, inherently balanced, elastically mounted	G 40	40
Agricultural machinery Crankshaft drives, inherently balanced, rigidly mounted Crushing machines Drive shafts (cardan shafts, propeller shafts)	G 16	16
Aircraft gas turbines Centrifuges (separators, decanters) Electric motors and generators (of at least 80 mm shaft height), of maximum rated speeds up to 950 r/min Electric motors of shaft heights smaller than 80 mm Fans Gears Machinery, general Machine-tools Paper machines Process plant machines Pumps Turbo-chargers Water turbines	G 6,3	6,3
Compressors Computer drives Electric motors and generators (of at least 80 mm shaft height), of maximum rated speeds above 950 r/min Gas turbines and steam turbines Machine-tool drives Textile machines	G 2,5	2,5
Audio and video drives Grinding machine drives	G 1	1
Gyroscopes Spindles and drives of high-precision systems	G 0,4	0,4

- NOTE 1 Typically completely assembled rotors are classified here. Depending on the particular application, the next higher or lower grade may be used instead. For components, see Clause 9.
- NOTE 2 All items are rotating if not otherwise mentioned (reciprocating) or self-evident (e.g. crankshaft drives).
- NOTE 3 For limitations due to set-up conditions (balancing machine, tooling), see Notes 4 and 5 in 5.2.
- NOTE 4 For some additional information on the chosen balance quality grade, see Figure 2. It contains generally used areas (service speed and balance quality grade G), based on common experience.
- NOTE 5 Crankshaft drives may include crankshaft, flywheel, clutch, vibration damper, rotating portion of connecting rod. Inherently unbalanced crankshaft drives theoretically cannot be balanced; inherently balanced crankshaft drives theoretically can be balanced.
- NOTE 6 For some machines, specific International Standards stating balance tolerances may exist (see Bibliography).



NOTE The white area is the generally used area, based on common experience.

Figure 2 — Permissible residual specific unbalance based on balance quality grade G and service speed n (see 6.2)